

大阪大谷大学

平成30年度 入学試験問題（一般 後期）

英語

注意事項

1. 問題は全部で5ページです。解答用紙は1枚です。
2. 解答用紙の所定欄に氏名を記入してください。
3. 解答用紙の所定欄に受験番号を記入し、その下のマーク欄に正しく黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルでマークしてください。
4. 解答用紙の所定欄に入試区分を正しく黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルでマークしてください。
5. 解答用紙の解答記入欄に黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルでマークしてください。
例えば、

10

と表示のある問いに対して③と解答する場合は、次の（例）のように解答番号10の解答記入欄の③に黒鉛筆またはシャープペンシルでマークしてください。

（例）

解答番号	解答記入欄
10	① ② ● ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩

6. 問題は持ち帰ってください。

I. 次の **1** ~ **15** に入る最も適切な語句を一つ選び、所定の解答欄にマークしなさい。

- (1) Smoking in this room is **1** forbidden.
① strictly ② curiously ③ fluently ④ respectively
- (2) I cannot read French, **2** write it.
① less than ② much more ③ no more ④ much less
- (3) You'll never forget the day **3** you first met him.
① when ② where ③ which ④ who
- (4) If it **4** tomorrow, we'll just have to postpone the baseball match.
① will rain ② would rain ③ rains ④ has rained
- (5) None of this **5** possible if you hadn't helped me.
① would have been ② couldn't have been ③ will be ④ can be
- (6) There is no need **6** you to worry.
① of ② for ③ to ④ on
- (7) **7** she was a little tired, she kept on singing.
① However ② Although ③ Despite ④ But
- (8) She **8** him to apply for that job.
① afforded ② pretended ③ tried ④ encouraged
- (9) I need to work hard to **9** the deadline.
① see ② meet ③ run ④ press
- (10) Now China is **10** a bigger role in the world economy, which has exceeded everyone's expectations.
① serving ② playing ③ displaying ④ attending
- (11) God helps **11** who help themselves.
① there ② those ③ that ④ it
- (12) I'm glad to hear that all of you had **12** fun.
① a very ② many ③ a lot of ④ so
- (13) It was **13** fascinating concert.
① a such ② such ③ such as ④ such a
- (14) The coordinator **14** the cost of our trip and we had to pay more than planned.
① mistook ② misconducted ③ misplaced ④ miscalculated
- (15) Since the export taxes have been raised, the company **15** stopped shipping their products abroad.
① accurately ② voluntarily ③ respectively ④ especially

II. 次の [16] ~ [25] に入る最も適切な語を下から一つ選び、所定の解答欄にマークしなさい。
なお、文頭に来る語も小文字で始めている。

Tokyo will be hosting the next Olympic games in 2020 and, in preparation for that, a lot of new, young athletes are emerging who hope to win medals. [16] the first time, a Japanese athlete, Yoshihide Kiryu broke the 10 second barrier in the 100-meter sprint with a time of 9.98 seconds. He, and three other Japanese nationals, Ryota Yamagata, Shota Iizuka and Aska Cambridge also had great success [17] the silver medal in the 4×100-meter relay at the Rio Olympics in 2016. This is a remarkable achievement for a sport, [18] has been dominated by the United States and Jamaica in recent years. Japan has also been traditionally strong in volleyball, [19] women's volleyball and recently, Japanese athletes have come to the fore in such racquet games as tennis, table tennis and badminton. However, it is in the winter Olympics [20] Japanese athletes have seen their greatest achievement. Repeated victories by Yuzuru Hanyu have followed on from the earlier successes of Mao Asada and earlier still Shizuka Arakawa, whose graceful "layback Ina Bauer" movement, bending her back backwards [21] skating, was much admired. The winter Olympics, held in Pyeong Chang, Korea in February 2018 was a great venue for Japanese athletes to assert their abilities. It also provided an opportunity [22] meet and compete with many athletes from around the world. However, now that the Winter Olympics are over, attention will be [23] to two major world events being held in Japan in 2019 and 2020. In 2019, Japan will host the Rugby World Cup, and all eyes will be on the Japanese rugby team, which thrilled crowds in the [24] Rugby World Cup with their remarkable win over South Africa. And then, again, there will be excitement as expectations rise for the Japanese athletes competing in the 2020 Olympic Games. Hopefully, many Japanese will be [25] with gold medals.

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| ① that | ⑥ to |
| ② for | ⑦ with |
| ③ rewarded | ⑧ previous |
| ④ particularly | ⑨ drawn |
| ⑤ while | ⑩ which |

Ⅲ. 次の **26** ～ **31** に入る最も適切な表現を下から一つ選び、所定の解答欄にマークしなさい。なお、文頭に来る語も小文字で始めている。

Aki: Hi Mayu, I want to buy a new smartphone because the one I am using now costs too much and **26**

Mayu: Me too. The two-year contract on my phone runs out and my costs are also high. If I change to another phone, **27**

Aki: Yes, but now there are so many companies competing with reduced prices, **28**

Mayu: I know what you mean. There are companies like Y!mobile, Rakuten mobile and UQ mobile all offering cheap, but similar deals.

Aki: **29** Some look cheap, but the prices go up after the first or second year and the gigabytes are reduced.

Mayu: That is a problem. **30**

Aki: I don't know. I think we should get some pamphlets which explain in more detail what these companies offer.

Mayu: You're right. **31** We can pick up some pamphlets there and also ask the store attendant what she thinks is a good choice.

Aki: Great, let's go.

- ① I know about them.
- ② I don't know about the latest iPhone.
- ③ I can probably get a better deal.
- ④ I think android phones are better.
- ⑤ let's go to the electronics store near my house.
- ⑥ I keep on having problems with it.
- ⑦ the cell-phone store near my home has a better deal.
- ⑧ it is difficult to know which to choose.
- ⑨ I am wondering how economical they will be in the long run.

IV. 次の英文を読んで問1、問2に答えなさい。*がついた語句は文末に注がある。

More land around the world is being dedicated to organic farming. The Worldwatch Institute says since 1999 there's been a more than three-fold increase to 37 million hectares. "Organic farming is farming without chemical inputs, like pesticides* and fertilizers*. Instead of using those inputs it uses a variety of natural techniques, like rotating crops and applying compost to fields -- and growing crops that will return nutrients to the soil naturally instead of via chemicals," said Worldwatch researcher Laura Reynolds, who co-authored a new report on the growth of organic agriculture.

She said it has a range of public health and environmental benefits. "It delivers fewer pesticides and chemicals to what we eat and to the farmers growing the food. It also delivers a range of economic benefits to farmers growing organically because they found they can get a much higher price if their food is certified organic," she said.

Last year, Stanford University researchers said that they "did not find strong evidence that organic foods are more nutritious or carry fewer health risks than conventional alternatives." They based their findings on a review of previous studies on the subject.

Reynolds said, "I agree that it won't change the nutritional content of certain foods, probably cereals. That's not the entire point of growing organically. If you look at chemicals and toxic elements in the food, there's definitely a huge difference. So, if you're getting all of your nutrients, but you're also eating chemicals, then you sort of want to know the whole story. I found that that report looked at a very small element or organic food."

Worldwatch says the Oceania region has most of the certified organic agricultural land -- more than 12 million hectares spread over Australia, New Zealand and Pacific Island nations. Europe is next with 10 million hectares, followed by Latin America with 8.4 million. Asia has about three million hectares devoted to organic farming and Africa about one million. The study says the United States has "lagged behind other countries in adopting sustainable farming methods." However, sales of organic foods in the U.S. are rising rapidly, amounting to \$31.5 billion in 2011.

(A) organic, farmers must keep strict records of how they grow their crops. There's a lot of red tape or bureaucracy involved and it can be an expensive process. "Certifications are growing as there are a lot more companies or third parties that are doing certifications. There's a whole range in the U.S. and it's becoming more popular internationally, as well. As farmers see that there's a niche organic market, they can get more money for their food than if they grew it conventionally. I'd say that sales of organic food are growing perhaps faster than the actual acreage that's devoted to organic. In the U.S., it's one of the fastest growing markets," she said.

Reynolds said that organic farming methods are proving their worth during climate change. "Organic farming involves a lot of different techniques that deliver nutrients to the soil and help the soil conserve water, (B) very key in climate affected areas. Climate change involves more widespread droughts and more temperature variations -- extreme heat waves -- and plants often cannot stand up to that pressure. But if land is farmed organically, a lot of those techniques will help farmers very much stand up to climate change," she said. Those techniques include using mulch or growing naturally heat resistant crops or crops that have extensive root systems.

Reynolds said that organic farming is just one element of food security. "We already grow enough food to feed everyone in the world. It's more now a matter of disseminating that food, making it accessible and affordable to people. While organic food can definitely help long-term sustainability of food production, it's definitely just one piece of the puzzle of making food available to everyone. It's also important to (C) grow organically. If you're applying organic methods to grow millions of acres of corn or soybeans, that's not really going to help food security on a global scale," she said. As more farmers grow organic foods and competition increases, she said, prices should fall. The Worldwatch Institute report says that sustainable food production will

become more important in developing countries, “as the majority of population growth is concentrated in the world’s poorest countries.” Despite the increase in land dedicated to organic farming, the total represents just under one-percent of global agricultural land.

(From <https://www.voanews.com/a/organic-farming-17jan13/1585578.html>)

- (注) pesticide : a chemical substance used to kill insects and small animals that destroy crops
fertilizer : a substance that is put on the soil to make plants grow

問1 文中の (A) ~ (C) の空所をそれぞれ与えられた語句①~⑤を適切に並べ替えて補い、英文を完成させなさい。但し、解答はそれぞれ2番目と4番目にくる語句の番号をマークしなさい。なお、文頭に来る語句も小文字で始めている。

(A) organic, farmers must keep strict records of how they grow their crops.

2番目 :

4番目 :

- ① to ② be ③ order ④ certified ⑤ in

Organic farming involves a lot of different techniques that deliver nutrients to the soil and help the soil conserve water, (B) very key in climate affected areas.

2番目 :

4番目 :

- ① be ② going ③ is ④ to ⑤ which

It’s also important to (C) grow organically.

2番目 :

4番目 :

- ① mind ② you ③ bear ④ what ⑤ in

問2 本文の内容に一致するものを4つ選び、所定の解答欄にマークしなさい。

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- ① The number of people who are devoted to organic farming has increased by three times since 1999.
- ② In organic farming, natural techniques are used in combination with chemical ones.
- ③ Organic farming has several advantages.
- ④ According to researchers at Stanford University, organic food is not always better than regular food.
- ⑤ The area used for organic farming in Europe is ten times the size of that in Asia.
- ⑥ Producers of organic food find it easy to have their produce authorized as being organic.
- ⑦ Farmers can gain more profit financially from organic agriculture than from normal agriculture.
- ⑧ Challenges given by climate change can be easily overcome with the help of traditional farming methods.
- ⑨ A limited number of techniques will help farmers to deal with climate change.
- ⑩ Markets for organic food need to be competitive so that these products can be more affordable.